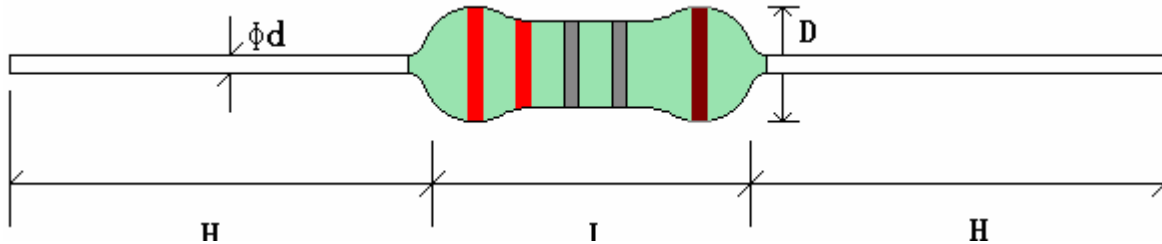




## 1.0 Scope:

This specification for approve relates to Lead-Free Metal Film Fixed Resistors manufactured by UNIOHM'S specification.

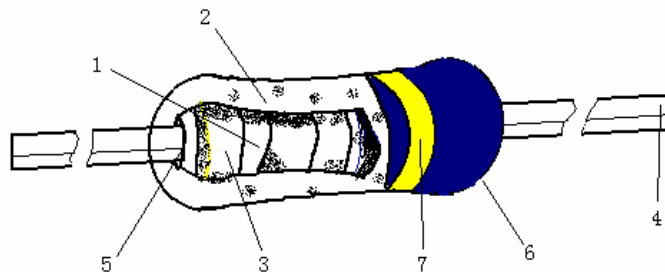
## 2.0 Ratings & Dimension:



### 2.1 Normal size:

Type	Dimension(mm)				Max Working Voltage	Max Overload Voltage	Dielectric Withstanding Voltage	Tolerance	Resistance Range
	D Max.	L Max.	d ±0.05	H ±3					
MF 0.6WS	2.7	6.8	0.54	28	250V	500V	250V	±1%	10Ω~1MΩ

## 3.0 Construction:

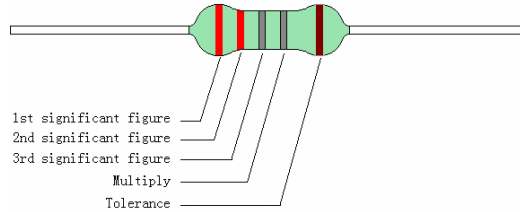


No.	Name	Material
1	Basic Body	Rod type ceramics
2	Resistor	Metal Film
3	End Cap	Cold steel plated with copper/tin
4	Lead Wire	Tin solder coated copper wire
5	Joint	By Welding
6	Coating	(1). Celluloid paint
		(2) Insulated Resin : Light Green
7	Color Code	Epoxy resin



## 4.0 Resistor marked:

Resistors shall be marked with color coding  
Colors shall be in accordance with JIS C 0802



### 4.1 Label:

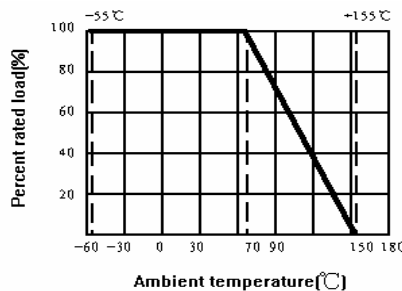
Label shall be marked with following items:

- (1) Type and style
- (2) Nominal resistance
- (3) Resistance tolerance
- (4) Quantity
- (5) Lot number
- (6) PPM

Example:

METAL FILM FIXED RESISTORS	
WATT: 0.6WS	VAL:53.6Ω
Q'TY: 5,000	TOL: 1%
LOT: 9021548	PPM:

## 5.0 Derating Curve



### 5.1 Voltage rating:

Resistors shall have a rated direct-current (AC) continuous working voltage or an approximate sine-wave root-mean-square (RMS) alternating-current (AC) continuous working voltage at commercial-line frequency and waveform corresponding to the power rating, as determined from the following formula:

$$RCWV = \sqrt{P \times R}$$

Where: RCWV = rated dc or RMS ac continuous working voltage at commercial-line frequency and waveform (VOLT.)

P = power rating (WATT.) R= nominal resistance (OHM)



## 6.0 Performance Specification:

Characteristic	Limits	Test Method (JIS-C-5201 & JIS-C-5202)															
Temperature Coefficient	$\pm 50 \text{ PPM}/^\circ\text{C}$ Max..	4.8 natural resistance changes per temp. Degree centigrade $\frac{R_2 - R_1}{R_1(T_2 - T_1)} \times 10^6 \text{ (PPM}/^\circ\text{C)}$ R <sub>1</sub> : Resistance value at room temp. (T <sub>1</sub> ) R <sub>2</sub> : Resistance value at room temp.+100°C (T <sub>2</sub> ) Test pattern: room temp. (T <sub>1</sub> ), room temp. +100°C (T <sub>2</sub> )															
Short-time overload	Resistance change rate is: $\pm (0.5\% + 0.05 \Omega)$ Max. With no evidence of mechanical damage.	4.13 Permanent resistance change after the application of a potential of 2.5 times RCWV for 5 seconds.															
Dielectric withstanding voltage	No evidence of flashover mechanical damage, arcing or insulation break down.	4.7 Resistors shall be clamped in the trough of a 90° metallic v-block and shall be tested at ac potential respectively specified in the above list for 60-70 seconds.															
Pulse overload	Resistance change rate is: $\pm (1\% + 0.05 \Omega)$ Max. With no evidence of mechanical damage.	4.28 Resistance change after 10,000 cycles (1 second "ON", 25 seconds "OFF") at 4 times RCWV.															
Terminal strength	No evidence of mechanical damage	4.16 Direct load: Resistance to a 2.5 kg direct load for 10 seconds in the direction of the longitudinal axis of the terminal leads. Twist test: Terminal leads shall be bent through 90° at a point of about 6mm from the body of the resistor and shall be rotated through 360° about the original axis of the bent terminal in alternating direction for a total of 3 rotations.															
Resistance to soldering heat	Resistance change rate is: $\pm (1\% + 0.05 \Omega)$ Max. With no evidence of mechanical damage	4.18 Permanent resistance change when leads immersed to a point 2.0-2.5mm from the body in 260°C $\pm 5^\circ\text{C}$ solder for 10 $\pm 1$ seconds.															
Solderability	95% coverage Min.	4.17 The area covered with a new, smooth, clean, shiny and continuous surface free from concentrated pinholes. Test temp. Of solder: 245°C $\pm 3^\circ\text{C}$ Dwell time in solder: 2~3seconds.															
Temperature cycling	Resistance change rate is: $\pm (1\% + 0.05 \Omega)$ Max.. With no evidence of mechanical damage.	4.19 Resistance change after continuous five cycles for duty cycle specified: <table border="1" style="margin-left: 20px;"> <thead> <tr> <th>Step</th> <th>Temperature</th> <th>Time</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>-55°C <math>\pm 3^\circ\text{C}</math></td> <td>30mins</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>Room temp.</td> <td>10 – 15mins</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>+155°C <math>\pm 2^\circ\text{C}</math></td> <td>30mins</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>Room temp.</td> <td>10 – 15mins</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Step	Temperature	Time	1	-55°C $\pm 3^\circ\text{C}$	30mins	2	Room temp.	10 – 15mins	3	+155°C $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$	30mins	4	Room temp.	10 – 15mins
Step	Temperature	Time															
1	-55°C $\pm 3^\circ\text{C}$	30mins															
2	Room temp.	10 – 15mins															
3	+155°C $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$	30mins															
4	Room temp.	10 – 15mins															



Resistance to solvent	No deterioration of protective coatings & markings	4.29 Specimens shall be immersed in a bath of trichloroethylene completely for 3 min. With ultrasonic
Load life in humidity	±5%	7.9 resistance change after 1,000 hours (1.5 hours "ON", 0.5 hour "OFF") at RCWV in a humidity test chamber controlled at 40°C ± 2°C and 90 to 95% relative humidity.
Load life	±5%	4.25.1 permanent resistance change after 1,000 hours operating at RCWV with duty cycle of 1.5 hours "ON", 0.5 hour "OFF" at 70°C ± 2°C ambient.

## 7.0 Explanation of Part No. System:

The standard Part No. includes 14 digits with the following explanation:

7.1 Coated type, the 1st to 3rd digits are to indicate the product type and 4th digit is the special feature.

Example:

MFR0= Metal Film Fixed Resistors type;

7.2 5th~6th digits:

7.2.1 This is to indicate the wattage or power rating. To dieting the size and the numbers,

The following codes are used; and please refer to the following chart for detail:

W=Normal Size; S=Small Size; "1" ~ "G" to denotes "1" ~ "16" as Hexadecimal:

1/16W~1/2W (< 1W)

Wattage	1/2	0.6	1/4	1/5	1/6	1/8	1/10	1/16
Normal Size	W2	/	W4	W5	W6	W8	WA	WG
Small Size	S2	06	S4	S5	S6	S8	SA	SG

7.2.2 For power rating less than 1 watt, the 5th digit will be the letters W, S or U to represent the size required & the 6th digit will be a number or a letter code.

Example:

06=0.6WS; U2=1/2W-SS.

7.3 The 7th digit is to denote the Resistance Tolerance. The following letter code is to be used for indicating the standard Resistance Tolerance.

F=±1%      G=±2%      J=±5%      K= ±10%



7.4 The 8th to 11th digits is to denote the Resistance Value.

7.4.1 For the standard resistance values of E-24 series, the 8th digit is “0”, the 9th & 10th digits are to denote the significant figures of the resistance and the 11th digit is the number of zeros following;

For the standard resistance values of E-96 series, the 8th digit to the 10th digits is to denote the significant figures of the resistance and the 11th digit is the zeros following.

7.4.2 The following number s and the letter codes are to be used to indicate the number of zeros in the 11th digit:

$$\begin{array}{llllll} 0=10^0 & 1=10^1 & 2=10^2 & 3=10^3 & 4=10^4 & 5=10^5 \\ 6=10^6 & J=10^{-1} & K=10^{-2} & L=10^{-3} & M=10^{-4} & \end{array}$$

7.4.3 The 12th, 13th & 14th digits.

The 12th digit is to denote the Packaging Type with the following codes:

A=Tape/Box (Ammo pack)      B=Bulk/Box  
T=Tape/Reel                      P=Tape/Box of PT-26 products

7.4.4 The 13th digit is normally to indicate the Packing Quantity of Tape/Box & Tape/Reel packaging types. The following letter code is to be used for some packing quantities:

A=500pcs      B=2500pcs      C=10000pcs  
D=20000pcs      G=25000pcs      H=50000pcs

7.4.5 For the FORMED type products, the 13th & 14th digits are used to denote the forming types of the product with the following letter codes:

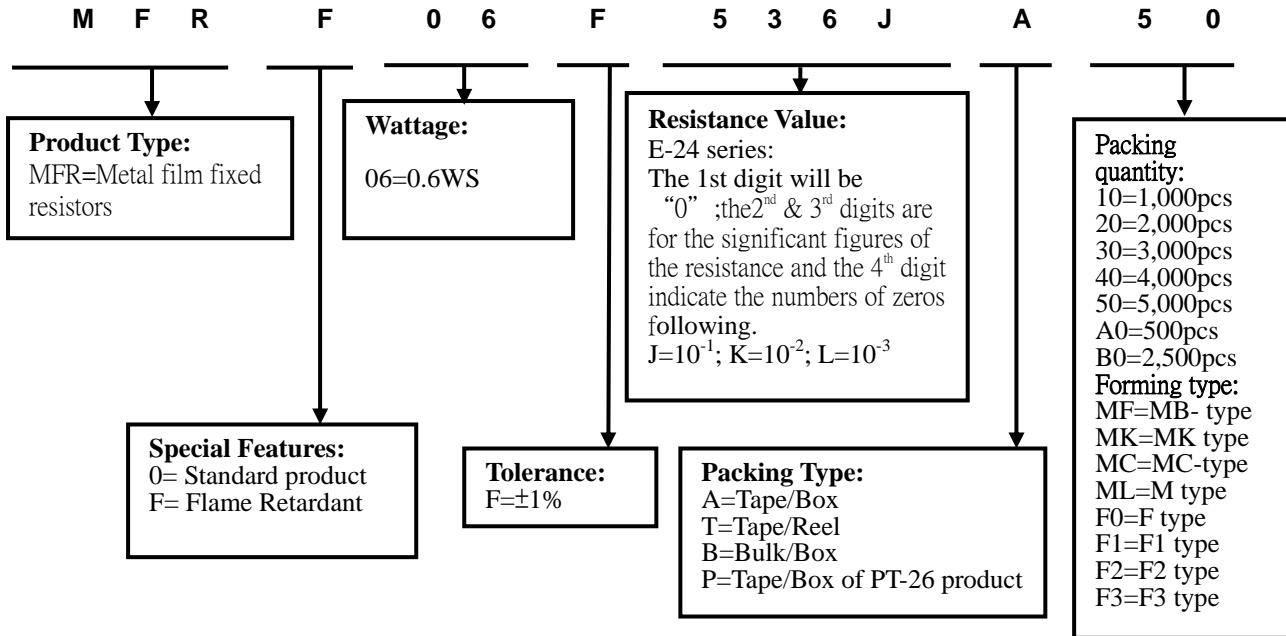
MF=M-type with flattened lead wire      F0= F-type  
MK= M-type with kinked lead wire      F1= F1-type  
ML= M-type with normal lead wire      F2= F2-type  
MC= M type with kinked lead and narrow pitch wire      F3= F3-type

7.4.6 For some items, the 14th digit alone can use to denote special features of additional information with the following codes:

P=Panaset type      1=Avisert type 1      2=Avisert type 2  
3=Avisert type 3      A=Cutting type CO 1/4W-A type      B= Cutting type CO 1/4W-B type

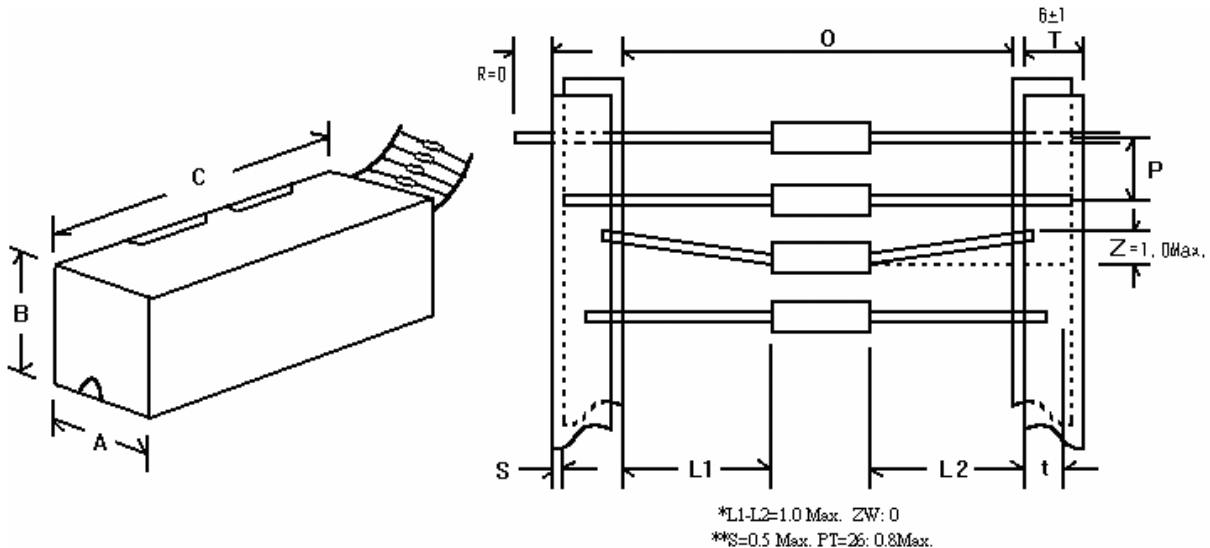


## 8.0 Ordering Procedure ( Example: MF 0.6WS ±1% 53.6Ω T/B-5000 )



## 9.0 Standard Packing:

### 9.1 Tapes in Box Packing

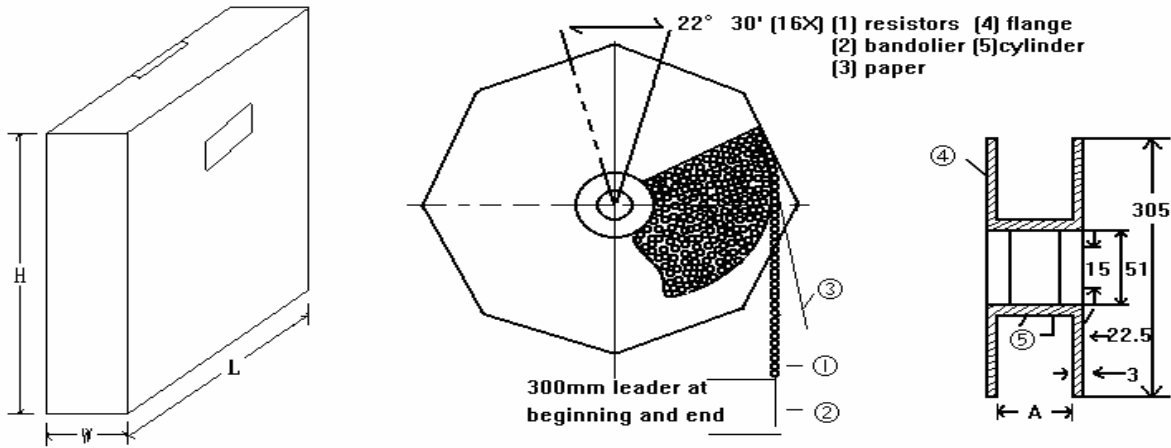


Dimension of T/B (mm)

Part No.	O	P	A±5	B±5	C±5	Qty/Box
MF 0.6WS	52±1	5±0.3	70	115	250	5,000pcs



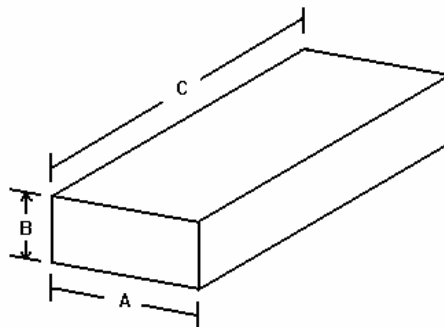
## 9.2 Tapes in Reel Packing



Dimension of Reel (mm)

Part No.	A	W±5	H±5	L±5	Qty/Box
MF 0.6WS	73±2	85	295	290	5,000pcs

## 9.3 Bulk in Box Packing



Dimension of Box (mm)

Part No.	A±5	B±5	C±5	Qty/Box
MF 0.6WS	140	80	240	500/1,000pcs

## 10.0 Storage:

The products should be placed in the dry and ventilation with 6~35°C and lower than 35~88%RH, and prevent it from pressing and humidity.